Standards-Based Lesson Plan
Use this from for creating your daily lesson plans. Move from field to field with either the mouse or the tab key.

□Exploratory Course □Introduction Course  Home Economics Careers and Technology Subje	•	
Lesson Title and Duration	Hot Spots	
Learner Outcomes / Objectives (Write on the board so students and visitors are aware of student learning outcome)	Mapping hot spots in microwave oven	
Standards (the California State Standards addressed in this lesson) California State Standards for Career Technical Education http://www.cde.ca.gov/ci/ct/sf/documents/ctestandards.pdf	HTR – A.10.7, 23.11	
Materials Needed	3 – 9X13 glass baking dishes 3 – glass mixing bowls 3 C flour, 3C light corn syrup, Rubber spatula Pen and paper 3 microwaves	
	Differentiated Learning Needs	
Anticipatory Set – activities that help focus students on the lesson of the day (the "hook")		
Teaching the Lesson  ➤ Modeling – how will you demonstrate the skill or competency?  ➤ Instructional Strategies – how will you deliver the lesson?	Demonstrate method Check for knowledge Break into 3 groups Read through instructions Have students tell me what they are to be doing in each group.	
Check for Understanding – how will you ensure the skill or competency is understood by the students?	Differentiated Learning Needs	
Guided Practice / Monitoring — an activity directly supervised by the instructor that allows students to demonstrate grasp of new learning. Instructor moves around the room determining the level of mastery and	Work with each group to make sure they are documenting their work and recording it in table form.	
providing individual remediation as needed.	Differentiated Learning Needs	
Closure — Statements or actions made by the instructor that help students make sense out of what has just been taught, to help form a coherent picture, to eliminate confusion and frustration, and to reinforce major points to be learned.	Have one person from each group explain what happened in their baking exercise.	
Independent  Practice — a question or problem for students to ponder on their own or in small groups or pairs.  The aim is to reinforce and extend the learning	Each group will compare their product to the others.	
beyond the lesson and ideally into real world	Differentiated	

Summarize,
Evaluate & Reflect — after teaching the lesson, ask students to reflect on their learning. Instructors can also reflect on the lesson, its success, and how it can be improved.

The differences in temperature and cooking of the same brand microwave. Having the students working in 3 groups and texting each other's product.

# **Hot Spots**

## Mapping Hot Spots in a Microwave Oven

### Introduction

Where food is placed in a microwave oven may affect cooking speed, quality, and appeal. A stirrer fan scatters microwaves throughout the oven. However, it cannot distribute them perfectly evenly. As a result, there are more microwaves in some parts of the oven than others. This uneven distribution of microwaves causes hot spots in the oven. The part of the food located where microwaves are concentrated may get hot and overcook. The part located where there are fewer microwaves stays cool and undercooked.

There are more microwaves near the sides of the oven than in the center. Therefore, foods near the sides will get hotter than foods in other parts of the oven. For example, a pan of brownies may have dry, overcooked edges and a soggy, undercooked center. Unevenly cooked foods are less appealing and of poorer quality than evenly cooked foods.

#### Objective

Knowing where the hot spots are in a microwave oven can help you prepare foods that are cooked evenly. This experiment will help you see where the hot spots are in a microwave oven.

#### Procedure

- 1. Lightly grease the baking dish.
- 2. In a mixing bowl, blend 1 cup of flour and 1 cup of light corn syrup. Use a rubber spatula to spread the mixture evenly in the baking dish.
- 3. Remove the turntable from the microwave oven. Center the glass dish in the microwave oven. Cook on high for 5 minutes. Use the pot holder to carefully remove the dish from the oven. Let it cool for five minutes.
- 4. Using a ruler and a knife, score the baked mixture from top to bottom and side to side to form 1-inch (2.5-cm) squares.
- 5. The brown areas on the baked mixture show where the microwaves were concentrated. When microwaves are concentrated in an area, that area becomes hotter than other areas. Note the locations of the hot spots on the baked mixture. Record your observations in the data table by placing an X in each space where a hot spot occurred.
- 6. Carefully lift the pan and notice the locations of the hot spots on the bottom. Record your observations in the data table.
- 7. One by one, remove the squares with hot spots. Break them open and notice whether the browned areas are also found on the interior of the baked mixture.
- 8. Repeat Steps 1 to 6, but after the mixture has cooked 2 minutes, turn the dish a quarter turn.
- 9. Repeat Steps 1 to 6, but leave the turntable in the microwave oven.



#### **Word to Know**

stirrer fan. A fan in a microwave oven that distributes microwaves around the oven.



#### Supplies

- 3 9x13-inch (22.5x32.5-cm) clear glass baking dishes shortening mixing bowl
- cups flour
- 3 cups light corn syrup rubber spatula microwave with removable turntable ruler knife pot holder

# **Hot Spots**

	Date	Period
Name	Date	
Data  Map of hot spots for mixture cooked for 5 minutes witho	out turning:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Rottom of Bi	
Top of Baked Mixture	good and	···
Map of hot spots for mixture turned a quarter turn:  Top of Baked Mixture	Bottom of I	Baked Mixture
Map of hot spots for the mixture cooked on a turntable	e:	

**Bottom of Baked Mixture** 

Top of Baked Mixture

. I	Describe where most of the hot spots occurred on the bottom of the first baked mixture.
	Describe what you observed when you examined the interior of the first baked mixture.
• 1	Compare the locations of the hot spots in the first mixture to those in the mixture that was turned a quarter turn.
	"
•	-rras gooked on a furutable.
	A Misch baked mixture had the least hot spots?
	A. Which baked mixture had the least hot spots?  B. What caused the difference in the location and number of hot spots?
6.	A. Which baked mixture had the least hot spots?  B. What caused the difference in the location and number of hot spots?  How can you use this information?
6.	A. Which baked mixture had the least hot spots?  B. What caused the difference in the location and number of hot spots?